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Perspectives US Credit

Market Update

April saw another month focused on tariffs, with "Liberation Day" on April 2nd. President Trump announced "reciprocal" tariffs, which included a 10% baseline tariff on imports from all countries, a 34% tariff on Chinese goods, a 25% tariff on all car imports, and a 20% tariff on products from the EU. In retaliation, China imposed a 34% tariff on US goods, and the EU announced counter tariffs as well. On April 9th, Trump announced a 90-day pause on reciprocal tariffs to allow for negotiations. Notably, China was not included in the pause, and Trump raised tariffs on China to 145%, with China countering and raising its tariffs on US goods to 125%. Trade tensions remained high for the US and China. Treasury Secretary Bessent said he expects that tariffs with China would come down, although not to zero. This provided some relief to the market. Trump also provided relief on auto tariffs; however, odds of a recession are rising. Additionally, tariffs could lead to more pressure on inflation and slower growth. The market is currently pricing in just under 100bps of rate cuts this year. With the backdrop of the trade war, treasuries were mostly firmer with the yield curve steepening. The 2-year yield tightened another -28bps to 3.60%, while the 10-year yield declined -5bps to 4.16%. US equities sold off again after the sharp declines seen in March, with the S&P 500 returning -0.68%. US IG and US HY indices posted total returns of -0.03% and +0.002%, respectively, despite massive volatility. US IG spreads widened +12bps.

Primary issuance in April totaled \$118.7bn, which was below the 5-year average of \$143bn, but above the initial forecast of ~\$100bn. Issuance during April slowed from 1Q25 by 42% given the volatile backdrop. New issuance during the month was mostly split between Financials which accounted for \$48bn (40%) of issuance, while Industrials issued \$44.7bn (37.7%) and Utilities issued \$3.3bn. M&A funding was down significantly in April with \$10bn issued (vs. \$50bn during March), as just four deals came to market. YTD, M&A issuance accounts for \$80.5bn. The consumer sector accounts for \$29bn (36%) of M&A issuance. New issue supply for May is projected to be ~\$135bn, which is below the 5-year average of \$156bn.

Industrials (-69bps excess return) underperformed Financials (-52bps excess return) and Utilities (-55bps) in April. BBB-rated credits (-85bps excess return) underperformed A-rated credits (-42bps) and AA-rated credits (-10bps). The best performing sectors were Environmental (-19bps excess return), Wirelines (-22bps) and Construction Machinery (-25bps), while the worst performing sectors were Oil Field Services (-280bps), Independent (-245bps), Refining (-194bps), Midstream (-158bps) and Chemicals (-134bps).

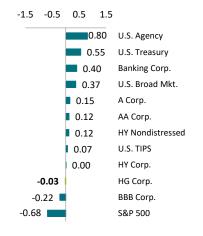
Annual New Issue

Year	Total Supply
2016	1436
2017	1469
2018	1208
2019	1297
2020	2102
2021	1673
2022	1404
2023	1451
2024	1758
2025 YTD	760

ICE BofA ML US Corporate Index YTD Returns %

	Total	Excess
US CORPORATE INDEX	2.34	(1.48)
Automotive	1.73	(1.71)
Banking	2.81	(0.81)
Basic Industry	2.11	(1.85)
Capital Goods	2.49	(1.30)
Consumer Goods	2.71	(1.20)
Energy	1.42	(2.53)
Financial Services	2.49	(1.21)
Healthcare	2.66	(1.26)
Insurance	2.34	(1.47)
Leisure	1.89	(1.79)
Media	1.98	(1.93)
Real Estate	2.53	(1.41)
Retail	2.31	(1.56)
Services	2.50	(1.50)
Technology & Electronics	2.22	(1.59)
Telecommunications	2.44	(1.48)
Transportation	1.90	(1.89)
Utility	1.96	(2.04)

ICE BofA ML Index Broad Asset Class Total Return – 1 Month





US Corporate Intermediate Investment Grade Strategy

Portfolio management comments

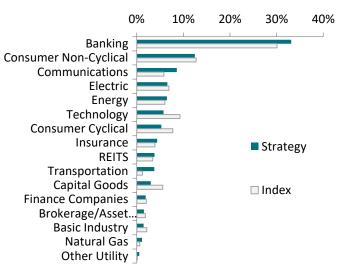
In April, the AXA IM FIIS US Corporate Intermediate Bonds Strategy underperformed its benchmark, the Bloomberg Barclays US Intermediate Corporate Index (both net-of-fees and gross-of-fees, USD). Security selection contributed negatively to performance during the month, particularly in the Technology & Electronics, Consumer Goods and Energy sectors, offset slightly with positive performance in the Financial Services and Utility sectors. Yield curve and duration effect also contributed negatively to performance. Sector allocation had a neutral contribution to performance. The index posted +58bps of total return and -50bps of excess return during the month. The index's average OAS was +15bps wider and ended the month at +98bps. The Strategy finished the month with an average OAS of +105bps compared to +98bps for the benchmark and a yield-to-worst of 4.90% compared to 4.81% for the index.

The outlook for the US Investment Grade market is now cautious on spreads dominated by poor sentiment from trade tensions, while yields may benefit from lower benchmark rates. We are seeing macro impact influenced by potential economic growth revisions post tariff announcement, although this will take time to filter through to hard data. Additionally, corporate fundamentals have been stable. Valuations have been running at the lower end of the range but are likely to see further spread widening driven by sentiment, increased volatility and equity market correction. Technicals have been decent with supply running slightly ahead of last year's run rate and expected to be down on a net basis for the year, while flows have been positive but may get tested with upcoming volatility. Within the broad Industrial sector, we are overweight Utilities, Media, and Telecommunications and underweight Technology & Electronics, Retail, Basic Industry, Capital Goods, and Automotive. We also remain overweight the Financials sector.

Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS	Strategy	Index
Average Maturity (Years)	4.8	4.9
Yield to Maturity	4.92%	4.81%
Current Yield	4.33%	4.35%
Effective Duration	4.05	4.09
Average Coupon	4.25%	4.25%
Option Adjusted Spread	105	98
Number of Issuers	134	782
Number of Positions	176	5 281
Average ML Rating	BBB1	A3
Cash Position	0.34%	N/A

Sector Exposure



Sources: AXA IM, FactSet, as of April 30, 2025. Index: Bloomberg US Intermediate Corporate. The examples shown herein are intended only to illustrate the investment process and should not be considered a recommendation or solicitation to buy or sell any particular security. The representative account shown has been selected because it utilizes an investment setup that is typical for accounts in the relevant strategy and/or on the basis that it has adequate assets under management to effectuate a fair comparison. Please refer to the appendix for additional information about representative accounts.



US Credit Short Duration Investment Grade Strategy

Portfolio management comments

In April, the AXA WF US Credit Short Duration Strategy slightly underperformed its performance indicator, the ICE BofA Merrill Lynch 1-3 Year US Corporate Index (both net-of-fees and gross-of-fees, USD). The main driver of performance was negative security selection, particularly in the Automotive, Consumer Goods, and Healthcare sectors, offset by positive performance in the Banking and Financial Services sectors. Duration effect had a slightly negative contribution to performance, while yield curve effect had a neutral contribution. Sector allocation contributed slightly positively to performance. The index posted +56bps of total return for the month as 2-year US treasury yields tightened -28bps to 3.60%. The index posted -20bps of excess return as credit spreads widened. The index's average OAS was +13bps wider and ended the month at +74bps. The Strategy aims to maintain a yield advantage relative to the performance indicator (4.64% yield to worst relative to 4.49%).

The outlook for the US Investment Grade market is now cautious on spreads dominated by poor sentiment from trade tensions, while yields may benefit from lower benchmark rates. We are seeing macro impact influenced by potential economic growth revisions post tariff announcement, although this will take time to filter through to hard data. Additionally, corporate fundamentals have been stable. Valuations have been running at the lower end of the range but are likely to see further spread widening driven by sentiment, increased volatility and equity market correction. Technicals have been decent with supply running slightly ahead of last year's run rate and expected to be down on a net basis for the year, while flows have been positive but may get tested with upcoming volatility. Within the broad Industrial sector, we are overweight Energy, Utilities, Media, and Telecommunications and underweight Technology & Electronics, Consumer Goods, Basic Industry, Autos and Retail. We also remain overweight the Financials sector.

Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS	Strategy	Index
Average Maturity (Years)	2.1	2.0
Yield to Worst	4.66%	4.49%
Current Yield	4.23%	3.95%
Effective Duration	1.77	1.84
Average Coupon	4.23%	3.91%
Option Adjusted Spread	84	74
Number of Issuers	143	783
Number of Securities	264	2 266
Average ML Rating	BBB1	А3
Cash Position	0.40%	N/A

Sector Exposure



Sources: AXA IM, FactSet, as of April 30, 2025. Index: BofA ML 1-3 Year US Corporate. The examples shown herein are intended only to illustrate the investment process and should not be considered a recommendation or solicitation to buy or sell any particular security. The representative account shown has been selected because it utilizes an investment setup that is typical for accounts in the relevant strategy and/or on the basis that it has adequate assets under management to effectuate a fair comparison. Please refer to the appendix for additional information about representative accounts.



US IG Risks Overview

CREDIT RISK - If an issuer of bonds defaults on its obligations to pay income or repay capital, it may result in a decrease in portfolio value. The value of a bond (and subsequently, the portfolio) is also affected by changes in credit rating downgrades and/ or market perceptions of the risk of future default. Investment grade issuers are regarded as less likely to default than issuers of high yield bonds. High-yield, lower-rated, securities involve greater risk than higher-rated securities. Portfolios that invest in them may be subject to greater levels of credit and liquidity risk than portfolios that do not.

RISK OF CAPITAL LOSS – Any investment in our high yield strategies are not guaranteed and returns can be negative. The performance of a portfolio may not be consistent with the objectives of investors and their investment may not be fully returned.

INTEREST RATE RISK - Fluctuations in interest rates will change the value of bonds, impacting the value of the investment portfolio. Often, when interest rates rise, the value of the bonds fall and vice versa. The valuation of bonds will also change according to market perceptions of future movements in interest rates.

LIQUIDITY RISK - Some investments may trade infrequently and in small volumes and the risk of low liquidity level in certain market conditions might lead to difficulties in valuing, purchasing or selling bonds.

RE-INVESTMENT RISK - Reinvestment risk describes the risk that, as interest rates or market environment changes, the future coupons and principal from any bond may have to be reinvested in a less favorable rate environment. This is more likely to occur during periods of declining interest rates when issuers can issue bonds with lower levels of coupon. Reinvestment risk may be greater with callable bonds

HIGH YIELD BOND RISK –US Credit IG portfolios may be exposed to a risk related to investments in high yield financial instruments. These instruments present higher default risks than those of the investment grade category. In case of default, the value of these instruments may decrease significantly, which would affect the value of the portfolio. Lower-rated securities generally tend to reflect short-term corporate and market developments to a greater extent than higher-rated securities which respond primarily to fluctuations in the general level of interest rates.



AXA IM US Investment Grade Strategies – Composite returns

GIPS Compliant Performance Presentation

Strategy GIPS Composite Returns		An	nualize	d (%)	Since	Inception
Chategy on a composite returns	1 year	3 year	5 year	10 year	Inception	Date
AXA IM US Credit Short Duration Invesment Grade (Net)	6.75	4.32	2.92	2.56	2.46	31-Oct-13
AXA IM US Credit Short Duration Invesment Grade (Gross)	7.03	4.60	3.19	2.83	2.73	31-Oct-13
		A		-1 (0/)		
Strategy GIPS Composite Returns	1 voor		nualize	` '	Since Inception	Inception Date
	-	_	-	10 year		
AXA IM US Corporate Intermediate Bond (Net)	7.93	3.73	1.96	2.69	4.61	31-Jan-09
AXA IM US Corporate Intermediate Bond (Gross)	8.21	4.01	2.23	2.96	4.88	31-Jan-09
Bloomberg US Corporate Intermediate Investment Grade (LHMN2773)	8.39	4.23	1.94	2.71	4.41	31-Jan-09
		Δn	nualize	d (%)		
Strategy GIPS Composite Returns	1 year	3 year 5 year			Since Inception	Inception Date
AXA IM US Corporate Investment Grade Bond (Net)	7.13	2.50	0.44	2.57	4.28	30-Jun-04
. ,						
AXA IM US Corporate Investment Grade Bond (Gross)	7.41	2.77	0.70	2.84	4.48	30-Jun-04
Bloomberg US Corporate Investment Grade (LHMN2765)	7.60	3.04	0.47	2.50	4.20	30-Jun-04



US CREDIT SHORT DURATION INVESTMENT GRADE COMPOSITE

GIPS Compliant Performance Presentation

Investment Strategy Objective

The US Credit Short Duration Invesment Grade composite seeks to generate a higer return than short-term government bonds and cash/cash equivalents, by investing predominantly in short duration US corporate bonds.

General Information

Reporting date April 30, 2025

Composite Start Date October 31, 2013

Composite Creation Date December 13, 2013

Composite Currency USD

Composite Benchmark

The "US Credit Short Duration IG" composite is shown against the ICE BofA Merrill Lynch 1-3 year US Corporate benchmark.

Calendar year (%)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Composite (Gross)	5.69	5.76	-2.94	0.32	4.55	6.12	1.65	2.54	3.09	0.79	1.53
Composite (Net)	5.41	5.48	-3.20	0.05	4.28	5.84	1.38	2.27	2.82	0.53	1.26
Benchmark	5.40	5.61	-4.05	-0.01	4.16	5.43	1.62	1.91	2.39	1.01	1.19
Composite Volatility 3y (%)	2.49	2.29	3.68	3.29	3.26	0.91	0.83	0.91	1.02	N/A	N/A
Benchmark Volatility 3y (%)	2.69	2.44	3.02	2.41	2.39	0.91	0.86	0.83	0.87	N/A	N/A
As of end of period	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Composite Assets (USD mil)	1 227	428	522	327	270	286	279	240	164	156	92
# of Portfolios in Composite	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Firm Discr.Assets (USD mil	244 024	261 958	245 657	291 036	250 851	208 569	191 910	223 150	177 183	182 303	215 895



US CORPORATE BOND – INTERMEDIATE COMPOSITE

GIPS Compliant Performance Presentation

Investment Strategy Objective

The "US Corporate - Intermediate" composite has an objective of generating high total returns by investing in US dollar denominated debt of investment grade companies with strong fundamentals. The portfolios in this composite are managed against indices of an intermediate maturity (typically 10 years or less). This is a total return investment strategy and aims to provide risk-adjusted outperformance, given their respective benchmarks and constraints.

General Information

Reporting date April 30, 2025
Composite Start Date January 31, 2009
Composite Creation Date June 17, 2013
Composite Currency USD

Composite Benchmarks

Bloomberg US Corporate Intermediate Investment Grade

Calendar year (%)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Composite (Gross)	4.49	6.86	-9.42	-0.58	8.53	10.57	-0.16	4.51	4.43	1.25	4.91
Composite (Net)	4.21	6.58	-9.66	-0.84	8.25	10.28	-0.42	4.24	4.16	0.98	4.64
Benchmark	4.22	7.29	-9.40	-1.00	7.47	10.13	-0.23	3.93	4.04	0.95*	4.35
Composite Volatility 3y (%)	5.82	5.46	6.39	5.16	5.11	2.28	2.32	2.46	2.67	2.79	2.89
Benchmark Volatility 3y (%)	6.11	5.75	6.27	4.81	4.77	2.26	2.27	2.41	2.59	2.71	2.82
As of end of period	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Composite Assets (USD mil)	1 730	2 085	2 193	2 920	3 692	2 629	2 536	2 618	2 415	1 016	872
# of Portfolios in Composite	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Total Firm Discr.Assets (USD mil)	244 024	261 958	245 657	291 036	250 851	208 569	191 910	223 150	177 183	182 303	215 895



US CORPORATE BOND – INVESTMENT GRADE COMPOSITE

GIPS Compliant Performance Presentation

Investment Strategy Objective

The "US Corporate Bond - Investment Grade" composite has an objective of generating high total returns by investing in the full maturity spectrum of investment grade debt of U.S. companies with strong fundamentals. The portfolios in the composite are managed with a total return investment strategy and aim to provide risk-adjusted out-performance, given their respective benchmarks and constraints.

General Information Reporting date April 30, 2025 Composite Start Date June 30, 2004 Composite Creation Date June 17, 2013 Composite Currency USD

Composite Benchmarks

Bloomberg US Aggregate Corporate

Calendar year (%)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Composite (Gross)	2.39	8.04	-16.31	-0.63	11.87	15.13	-2.46	6.71	6.75	-0.07	8.25
Composite (Net)	2.12	7.77	-16.53	-0.89	11.60	14.84	-2.71	6.43	6.50	-0.33	7.97
Benchmark	2.13	8.52	-15.76	-1.04	9.89	14.54	-2.51	6.42	6.11	-0.68	7.46
Composite Volatility 3y (%)	9.24	8.89	9.23	6.97	6.89	3.71	3.61	3.85	4.14	4.23	4.12
Benchmark Volatility 3y (%)	9.56	9.14	9.32	6.93	6.86	3.63	3.65	3.88	4.15	4.13	4.01

As of end of period	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Composite Assets (USD mil)	564	784	737	1 334	1 236	524	459	490	258	1 351	1 351
# of Portfolios in Composite	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Total Firm Discr.Assets (USD mil)	244 024	261 958	245 657	291 036	250 851	208 569	191 910	223 150	177 183	182 303	215 895

GIPS® Performance Disclosure Notes

Claim of Compliance

AXA-IM claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. AXA-IM has been independently verified for the periods 1999-2023. The verification reports are available upon request. A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled strategy maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firmwide basis. Verification does not provide assurance on the accuracy of any specific performance report. GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.

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Presentation of the Firm

AXA IM is an active long-term, responsible multi-asset manager with investment centres in the Americas, Asia Pacific and Europe offering the following investment capabilities:

Equity strategyamental (formerly Framlington) - active, bottom-up stock selection approach for core equities and thematic equity strategies incorporating specialist investment capabilities and responsible investing (RI);

Equity QI (Quant Investing) - offering quantitative investing by the use of technology and modelling to deliver strategyamental strategies including advanced factor, systematic alpha and targeted outcome, underpinned by environmental, social and governance (ESG) principles;

Fixed Income - a robust, repeatable process, which involves bottom-up credit analysis and top-down macroeconomic research to deliver outcome-oriented solutions that span the fixed income spectrum; a range of high yield strategies investing within and across regions, sectors and maturities. Dedicated high yield teams employ a consistent investment process which has been tested over a range of market cycles and conditions; a strong bottom-up credit analysis and top-down macroeconomic research approach for traditional, benchmarked to fully flexible strategies which employ several different investment styles, including active and buy-and-maintain;

Multi Asset - a combined strategyamental top-down and bottom-up analysis with embedded risk monitoring to all client types for outcome-oriented and customized multi-asset solutions.

Alternative Credit - a broad range of alternative sources of return from across the credit continuum, beyond traditional credit investments, to suit various risk/return and liquidity profiles through standalone and multi-strategy investments;

Listed Real Assets Equity

GIPS firm historical changes are available upon request.

List of Composites and Pool strategys

A list of composite descriptions and a list of strategy descriptions for limited and broadly distributed pooled strategys are available upon request.

Use of derivatives:

Derivatives are mainly used for hedging purposes. Please refer to composite investment strategy for any use of derivatives.

Portfolio Valuation

Policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS reports are available upon request.

Minimum Asset Level & Total Firm Assets

The minimum portfolio size for the US High Yield and US Investment Grade composites is 10,000,000 USD. If the portfolio falls below 10,000,000 USD for more than three months it is excluded from the performance calculations for the following month. For all other composites, the upper threshold is defined at 10,000,000 EUR the lower threshold at 8,000,000 EUR, with a 6-month grace period. AUM figures for the Firm include all portfolios falling within the definition of the Firm.

GIPS® Performance Disclosure Notes (continued)

Dispersion

Dispersion is defined as the standard deviation of portfolios returns for the period in question, taking into account the pottfolio beginning relative weight (equally weighted measure until December 2020, asset weighted dispersion measure since January 2021). It is only displayed if there are at least five portfolios that remain for the entire period in the composite.

Performance Results / Fees

Composite returns are calculated both gross and net of fees. Gross of fees returns are calculated gross of management and custodial fees and net of all trading expenses. Net performance results shown are net of a model management fee which represents the highest fee applicable to institutional investors shown below:

US Core High Yield Composite: First \$50 million: 0.48%; next \$50 million: 0.44%, next \$50 million: 0.41%, next \$50 million: 0.39%, Amount above \$200 million: 0.37%.

US Short Duration High Yield Composite: Flat fee: 0.45%.

US Dynamic High Yield Composite: Flat fee: 0.60%.

US Enhanced High Yield Composite: Flat fee: 0.95%

US Investment Grade Corporate Bond Composites: First \$50 Million: 0.26%; next \$50 million: 0.24%; next \$50 million: 0.20%; next \$50 million: 0.18%. Amount above \$200 million: 0.17%.

Global High Yield Composite: First \$50 million: 0.48%; next \$50 million: 0.44%, next \$50 million: 0.41%, next \$50 million: 0.39%, Amount above \$200 million: 0.37%

US High Yield Low Carbon Composite: First \$50 million: 0.48%; next \$50 million: 0.44%, next \$50 million: 0.41%, next \$50 million: 0.39%, Amount above \$200 million: 0.37%.

To calculate the composite net of fee return one-twelfth of the standard management fee is subtracted from the monthly gross of fee composite return.

Calculation Methods

Composite performance is calculated on a monthly basis as follows:

- The portfolios entering the performance calculation are determined according to the Minimum Asset Level described above.
- Each portfolio brings its own specific start and end dates to the calculation, depending on the particular valuation dates of the portfolio.
- The performance of each portfolio is calculated using the start and end dates relevant to the period in question, and using daily-weighted cash flows.
- The performance of a composite is calculated as a weighted average (using each portfolio's assets under management as at each portfolio's specific start date for the period in question) of the performances of the portfolios.
- Quarterly, annual, cumulative and since-inception returns are calculated by linking the composite monthly returns through compounded multiplication.

Disclaimer

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Net Performance shown is calculated after the deduction of all management fees and all trading expenses. Net performance results shown are net of a model management fee which represents the highest fee applicable to institutional investors Gross performance shown is calculated before management fees, expenses, carried interest, taxation costs and other expenses the investor may incur and net of trading expenses. An investor's return will be reduced by management fees and other expenses. All returns assume the reinvestment of distributions.

Past performance is not a guide to current or future performance. References to league tables and awards are not an indicator of future performance or places in league tables or awards and should not be construed as an endorsement of any AXA IM company or their products or services. Please refer to the websites of the sponsors/issuers for information regarding the criteria on which the awards/ratings are based. The value of investments, and the income from them, can fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Exchange-rate fluctuations may also affect the value of their investment. Due to this and the initial charge that is usually made, an investment is not usually suitable as a short term holding.

Information concerning portfolio holdings and sector allocation is subject to change and, unless otherwise noted herein, is representative of the portfolio for the investment strategy described herein at a fixed point in time. The performance information shown herein reflects the performance of a composite of accounts that does not necessarily reflect the performance that any particular account investing in the same or similar securities may have had during the period. Actual portfolios may differ as a result of client-imposed investment restrictions, the timing of client investments and market, economic and individual company considerations. The holdings shown herein should not be considered a recommendation or solicitation to buy or sell any particular security, do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for any particular advisory client, and in the aggregate may represent only a small percentage of an account's portfolio holdings.

Investing involves risk and past performance does not guarantee future results. Fixed income securities are subject to interest rate risk, credit risk, prepayment risk and market risk. High yield and investment grade securities are subject to a greater risk of capital loss, credit risk, and default risk and liquidity risk. Investors in offshore vehicles advised or sub-advised, in whole or in part, by the Adviser employing the investment strategy described herein may be subject to currency exchange risk. There is no guarantee that the objectives of the investment strategy described herein will be achieved.

The Adviser is not a tax or legal advisor. Prospective investors should consult their tax and/or legal advisors before making tax-related and/or legal-related investment decisions.

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